



PERMANENT MISSION OF THE REPUBLIC OF THE UNION OF MYANMAR
TO THE UNITED NATIONS, NEW YORK

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Excellency,

I am writing to you to apprise you of the heart-breaking situation in Myanmar, where people are suffering from overlapping crises due to the violent acts committed by the inhumane military group against the people of Myanmar.

It has been over 58 months since the military attempted an illegal coup. The military has brutally murdered 7,515 people. Over twenty-nine thousand have been arrested, detained, and tortured, and more than 3.5 million have been displaced. Almost 22 million people are in need of humanitarian assistance. Half of the population is now living under the national poverty line. The military junta has executed four democracy activists who were given death sentences, and the military courts have sentenced many civilians to years of imprisonment including life imprisonment without just cause.

The junta continues to ignore the will of the people and violate their fundamental rights. Amidst people's suffering caused by the manmade and natural disasters, the military junta has continued carrying out of aerial and artillery attacks on civilian areas across the country.

As with my previous letters, I would like to draw your attention to the unspeakable tragedy unfolding in Myanmar.

The military junta conducted (197) aerial attack cases in September, launching airstrikes, drone assaults, paramotor attacks and gyrocopter strikes, in total of (434) times. These attacks resulted in (171) civilian deaths and (285) injuries. Sagaing and Mandalay regions recorded some of the highest concentrations of aerial assaults, while religious buildings, schools and medical facilities were also destroyed during the month of September.

Tragically, according to the reports, thirteen massacre incidents were recorded in September, resulted in (121) deaths. Most victims were adults, although twenty-nine children were among those killed. The majority of the massacres occurred in Sagaing Region, followed by Chin, Rakhine and Kachin States.

Alarmingly, (577) human rights violations were documented during September. (130) extrajudicial killings were reported, alongside widespread property destruction, forced labour, arbitrary arrest and forced displacement. Mandalay Region registered the highest number of abuses, followed by Sagaing, Magwe and Bago regions. The findings indicate that violations have reached critical levels across central Myanmar, especially in areas marked by ongoing resistance activity.

In another concerning trend, forced conscription increased during the month. (17) cases involving (181) individuals were recorded, with Sagaing Region reporting the highest number.

In an escalation linked to its planned sham election, the junta increased aerial and ground attacks across resistance held areas, nearly doubling airstrikes and killing more than one hundred civilians within a month. (27) airstrikes hit twenty townships with severe casualties including (27) children, and several incidents reaching massacre levels. Recent strikes in Mandalay, Sagaing, Kachin and Rakhine destroyed schools, damaged religious sites and deepened civilian trauma.

Such developments once again demonstrate the junta's systematic disregard for human life, human dignity, and international norms. The continued airstrikes, arbitrary killings, suppression of basic freedoms, and deliberate creation of humanitarian suffering amount to war crimes and crimes against humanity. The situation calls for urgent and decisive action from the international community to hold the perpetrators accountable and to protect the innocent people of Myanmar.

The systematic nature of these violations demonstrates the junta's continued disregard for international humanitarian law and human rights law. The targeting of civilian infrastructure, including hospitals, schools, religious buildings, and residential areas, constitutes violations of the Geneva Conventions and fundamental principles of international humanitarian law.

The junta is now attempting to mask this depravity with a sham election. The junta's planned election is illegal. Moreover, the junta's continued atrocities against civilians, arbitrary arrest of political leaders including State Counsellor Daw Aung San Suu Kyi and President U Win Myint, collapse of freedom of expression, severely restriction of information, and living with constant fear will make this so-called election neither free nor fair nor inclusive. It must be categorically rejected.

In addition, transnational crimes such as online scam and human and drug trafficking have increased drastically in Myanmar especially in the areas controlled by the military junta's affiliates.

Recently, the Ethnic Resistant Organization, Karen National Union (KNU), issued a number statements informing current situation on the ground in Karen State and calling for urgent and serious international cooperation for crackdown of this heinous cybercrime including evidence collection and effective investigation. Because of the seriousness of such transnational crime, effective international support and cooperation must be extended immediately to successfully combat this global menace in Myanmar.

For over 58 months, the people of Myanmar have suffered dreadfully from the military junta's inhumane and brutal atrocities and its creation of safe haven for cybercrime.

To help the helpless people of Myanmar, the international community, in particular the UN and the UN Security Council should be bold and take immediate and decisive actions without further delay. Only through a concerted and coordinated effort from the international community to isolate the military and cut it off from all support including the flow of arms and weapons, jet fuel, money to the military junta will Myanmar return its path towards democracy and create a just, peaceful and stable environment.

Under this devastating circumstance, on behalf of the people of Myanmar, I with a very heavy and painful heart appeal again to the international community, in particular the United Nations Security Council, to put humanity first and take concrete action now to save lives and bring peace and bright future back to the people of Myanmar.

As usual, I enclose herewith the Information Update on the current situation in Myanmar as of 30 September 2025 for your kind perusal.

Please accept, Excellency, the renewed assurances of my highest consideration.



(Kyaw Moe Tun)

Ambassador/Permanent Representative

H.E. Mr. Antonio Guterres
Secretary-General of the United Nations
New York